

CPET, Continued  
Professional  
Education  
and Training



THE MIDDLE EAST DESALINATION RESEARCH CENTER

# Cost Estimating of SWRO Desalination Plants

*Day 1: Plant Cost Fundamentals*

*June 25, 2013*

*14:45-15:45*



## *1.4 RO System Construction Costs*

Water Globe Consulting

**Nikolay Voutchkov, PE, BCEE**

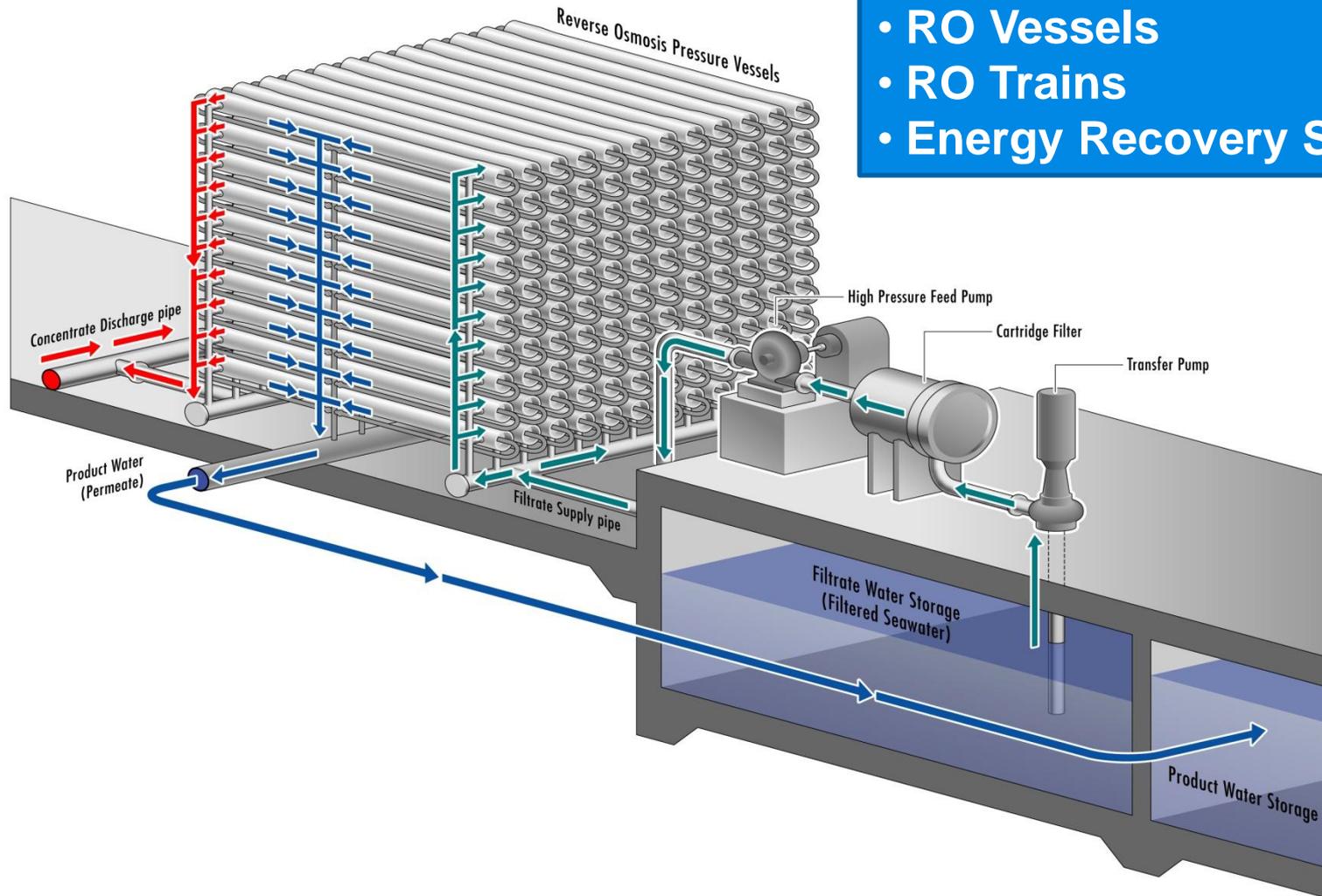
# RO System Construction Costs - Outline

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- Key SWRO System Components
  - High Pressure Pump Costs
  - Costs of Membrane Racks
  - Energy Recovery System Costs
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# Key RO System Components

- High Pressure Pumps
- RO Vessels
- RO Trains
- Energy Recovery System



# Types of SWRO Feed Pumps

## ➤ Reciprocating (Positive Displacement/Piston) Pumps;

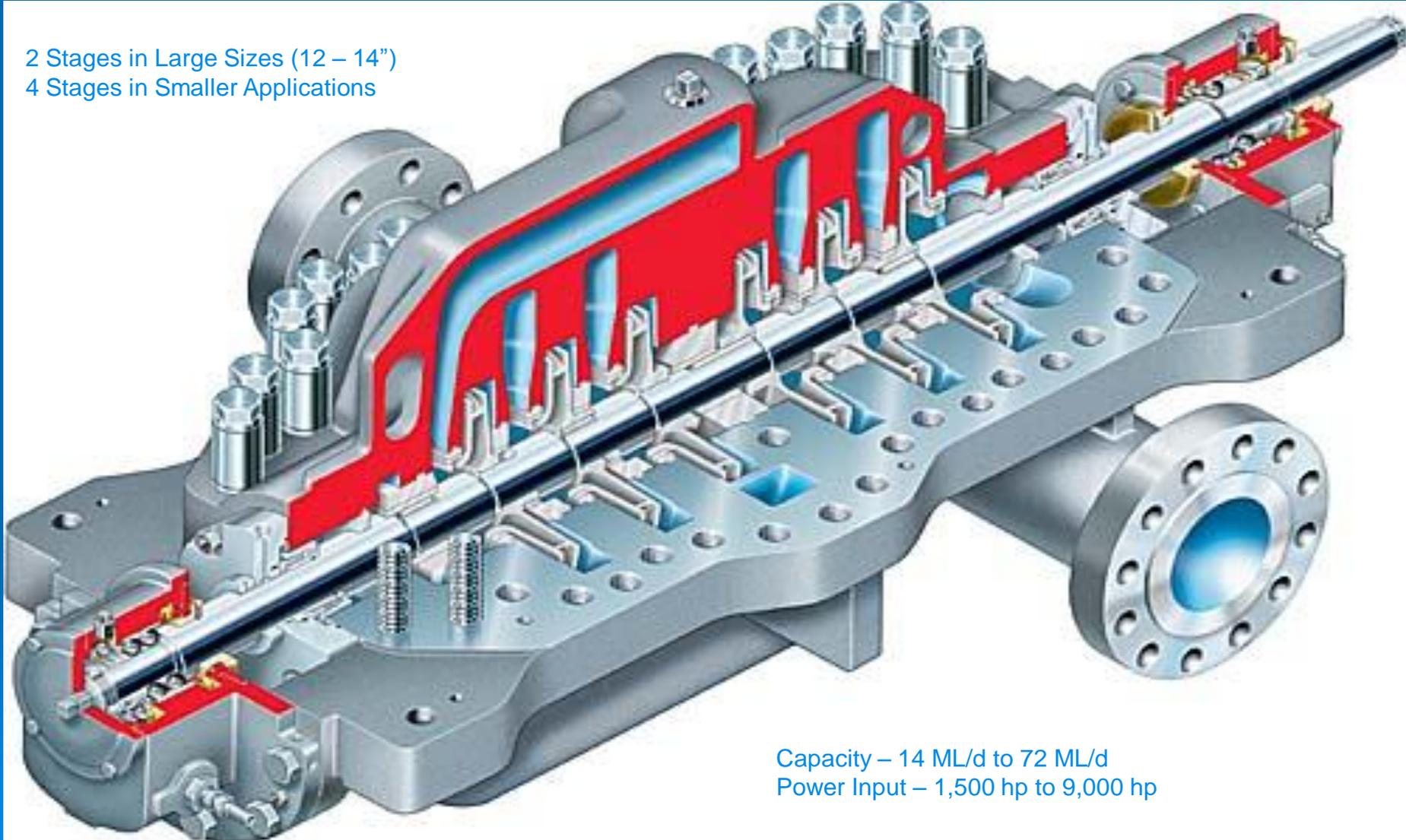
- Applications Typically Limited to 1.0 MGD;
- 90 % to 95 % Efficiency;
- Flat Pump Curve – Efficiency and Flow Constant at Changing Membrane Pressures.

## ➤ Centrifugal Pumps:

- Available in All Sizes;
- 82 to 88 % Efficiency;
- Pump Efficiency Varies with Changing Membrane Pressure.

# Horizontally Split-Case Pumps

2 Stages in Large Sizes (12 – 14")  
4 Stages in Smaller Applications



Capacity – 14 ML/d to 72 ML/d  
Power Input – 1,500 hp to 9,000 hp

# Ashkelon - Largest Horizontally-Split High Pressure Pumps In Use Today

- ② Two Sets of 3+1 Two-stage Horizontal Split-case Pumps – 60 ML/d each
- ② Pump Motors – 5.2 MW
- 5-year Pump Efficiency Guarantee
- All Wet Parts Made of Duplex Stainless Steel
- Gold Coast – Similar Configuration (3+1/4.8 MW)



# Radially Split Case Pumps

- ④ Occupy Less Space;
- ④ Easier to Maintain;
- ④ Less Vibrations;
- ④ Only One Mechanical Seal on the Drive End (Horizontally Split Case Pumps Have 2 seals);
- ④ Internal Fiber-Composite Bearings (Water Lubricated) – vs. External Grease Lubricated;
- ④ Largest Pumps First Installed for Expansion of Dhekelia SWRO Plant (Cyprus) to 50 ML/d;
- ④ Unit Capacity – 25 ML/d (2,800 hp) – 87 % Efficiency.



# Segmental-Ring Pumps

- Individual Pump Stages Located Between Pump Suction and Discharge Casings.
- Impellers Mounted on Common Shaft.
- Smaller Diameter;
- Lighter Construction;
- Lower Cost.



# Maximizing Pump Efficiency – Bigger Pumps Rule!

➤ Pump Efficiency ~  
 $n \times (Q/H)^{0.5} \times (1/H)^{0.25}$

Where:

n = pump speed (min<sup>-1</sup>);

Q = nominal pump capacity (m<sup>3</sup>/s);

H = pump head (m).

## Pump Efficiency:

One Pump Per Train – 83 %;

One Pump Per 2 Trains – 85 %;

Three Pumps Per 16 Trains – 88 %.



Perth –  
One Pump per 2 RO Trains



Ashkelon, Israel –  
(3+1) 7,100-hp Pumps per 16  
RO Trains

# RO Trains – Alternative Configurations

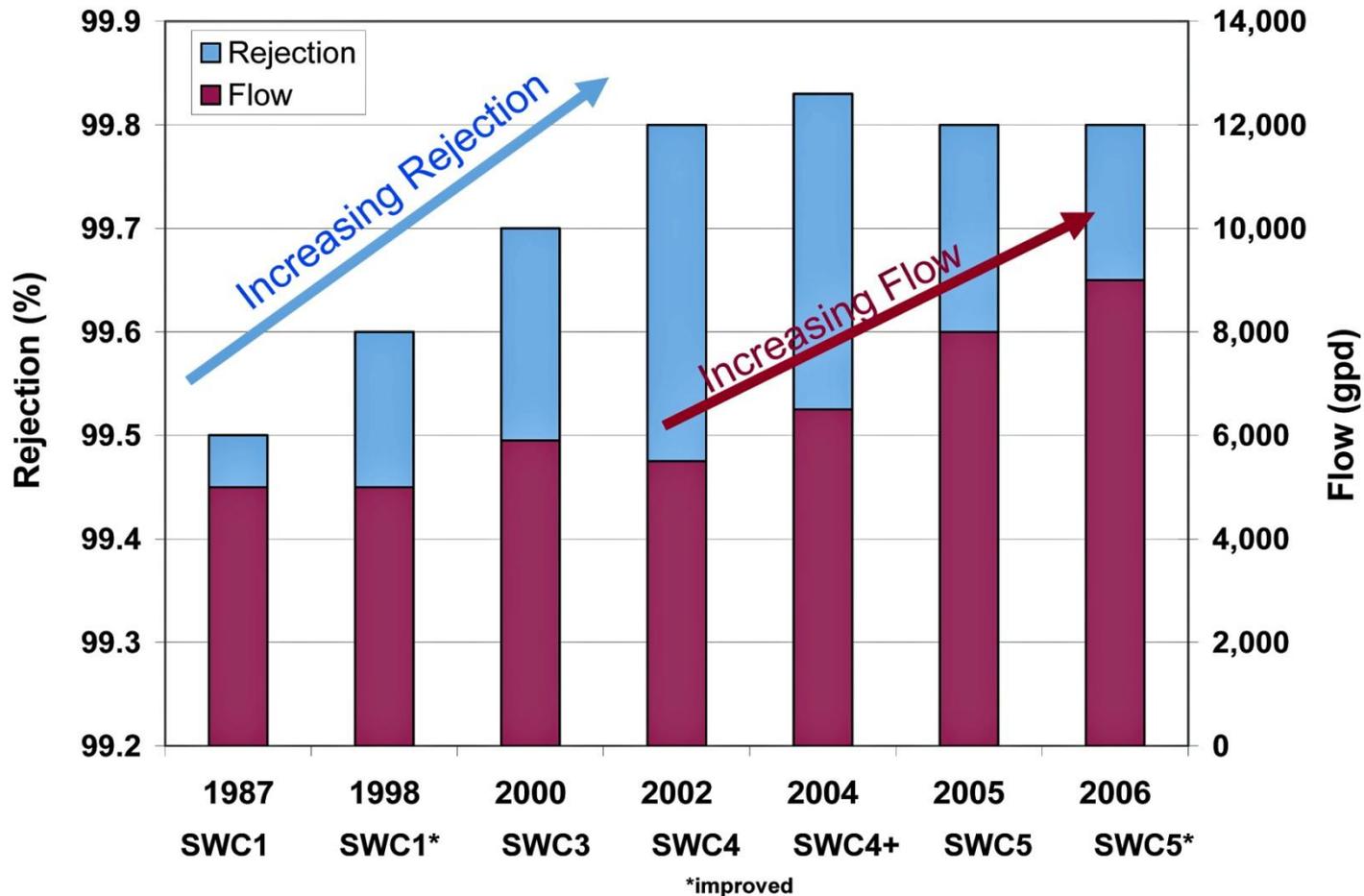


# Key SWRO System Components

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- Membrane Elements:
  - Diameter 4" to 16" (8" – most widely used);
  - Length – 40-in (60-in also available).
- Membrane Vessels:
  - Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic;
  - 6 to 8 Membranes per Vessel;
  - Installed on Welded Steel or FRP Support Racks.
- Membrane Process Trains:
  - Membrane Vessels Connected with Ports to Feed, Concentrate and Product Water Lines.

# SWRO Membrane Elements – Technology Evolution



\*improved

Courtesy Hydranautics

# Large SWRO Membrane Elements



16" RO Membrane Element

## Large Size RO Membranes – Advantages

- Potential Space Savings – 10 to 15 %.
- Capital Cost Savings – 5 to 10 %.
- Total Cost of Water Savings – 4 to 6 %

## Potential Disadvantages

- Loading Requires Special Equipment and Extra Space;
- Special Costlier Vessels & End Caps Needed;
- More Costly Foundations and Structure May Be Needed
- Membranes Costlier to Manufacture.

## Standard 8" RO Membrane Element



# Large Size SWRO Elements - Productivity

Typical Production Capacity of One Large RO Vessel

Membrane Manufacturer/ Membrane Element Size	Typical Number of Elements per Vessel	Product Water Capacity per Vessel (MGD)	
		BWRO & Water Reuse	SWRO
<u>Dow/Filmtec</u> 16-in x 40-in	7	0.28-0.30	0.22
<u>Hydranautics</u> 16-in x 40-in	4	0.12-0.15	0.10-0.14
<u>Toray</u> 16-in x 40-in	7	0.28	0.19-0.21
<u>Woongjin Chemical</u> 16-in x 40-in	4	0.15	0.10-0.15
<u>KMS – MegaMagnum</u> 18-in x 61-in	5	0.33-0.43	0.26-0.35
<u>KMS – MegaMagnum Plus</u> – 19-in x 61-in	5	0.40-0.50	0.30-0.40

Note: 1 MGD = 3,785 m<sup>3</sup>/day

# Projects with Large RO Elements

	Location	Project Name	Capacity (MLD)	Start-Up Date
Koch Membrane Systems	USA, Yuma, Ariz.	Metropolitan Water District of Southern California, BWRO demonstration	1.9	2005
	Australia	Industrial Maltery, water reuse	1.5	April 2006
	USA, Goodyear, Ariz.	City of Goodyear, Ariz., BWRO	1.9	May 2007
	Australia	Bundamba AWT Plant, Stage 1A, water reuse	29.9	Aug. 2007
	USA, Waupun, Wisc.	City of Waupun, Wisc. (ULP)	7.6	Dec. 2007
	Australia	Bundamba AWT Plant, Stage 1B, water reuse	36.0	April 2008
	USA, Moscow, Ohio	Tate–Monroe Water Association, US52 WTP Project, TFCS Softening	7.6	3rd Quarter 2008
	Ukraine	Alchevsk Steel Mill, wastewater treatment	15.1	4th Quarter 2008
	Canary Islands	Hotel—SWRO Demonstration	N/A	N/A
Hydranautics	Singapore	PUB: Bedok NEWater, water reuse ESPA BWRO (GrahamTek) pilot	N/A	Aug. 2006
	Singapore	PUB: Bedok NEWater, water reuse ESPA2 BWRO (GrahamTek)	54.9 (~39.4 Phase 1 and ~15.5 Phase 2)	Phase 1: May 2008 Phase 2: Dec. 2008
	UAE, Layyah	SWC3 SWRO Pilot (GrahamTek)	1.0	April 2007
	Canary Islands	SWC5 SWRO Pilot (GrahamTek)	N/A	Oct. 2007
	Singapore, PowerSeraya	SWC3 Seawater RO (GrahamTek)	10.0	Jan. 2008
	Saudi Arabia	SWRO Pilot	N/A	2009
	Spain	SWRO Pilot	N/A	2009
Toray	Singapore	Changi, water reuse (TML40-160) pilot	N/A	N/A
	Malta	Sabha III, SWRO demonstration	N/A	2009
Woongjin Chemical	Singapore	PUB: Bedok NEWater, water reuse (RE16040) (GrahamTek) pilot	1.4	Oct. 2006
	Singapore	PUB: Bedok NEWater, water reuse (RE16040-BLR) (GrahamTek)	29.9	May 2008
	Australia	Yabulu, SWRO	6.0	2009
Dow	Singapore	PUB: Bedok NEWater, water reuse pilot	1.2	Sept. 2007

N/A = Not available  
 SWRO = Seawater RO  
 BWRO = Brackish water RO

Courtesy: Bergman & Losier

# Horizontal vs. Vertical Pressure Vessel Configuration

## ➤ Horizontal Pressure Vessels Dominate SWRO Plant Configurations with 8-inch Elements:

- Easier Manual Handling;
- 1.5 Times Lower Height Buildings;
- Lower Cost Foundations.



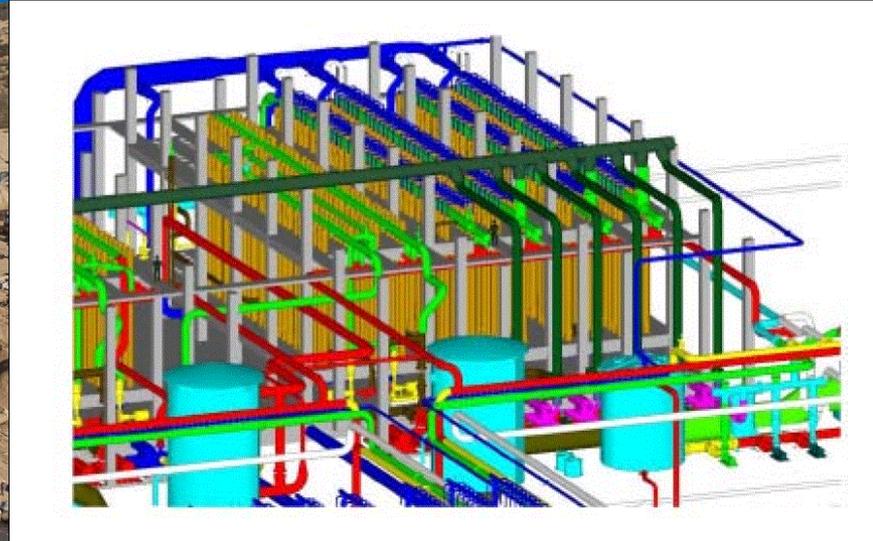
## ➤ Vertical Pressure Vessel Configuration – Found More Attractive for 16-inch Elements Where Manual Membrane Handling is Not Possible.

- 1.5 Times Smaller Footprint;
- 1.2 Times Less Super Duplex Piping & Fittings;
- 15 % Lower Plant Construction Costs.



*BEL's 16-inch diameter, 8-element Pressure Vessel*

# 410 MLD Sorek SWRO Plant, Israel



- Vertical 16-inch Vessels;
- 4.3 Times Larger Flow Rate than 8-inch Membranes;
- Scheduled for Operation in 2013;
- Record Low Water Price (US¢ 58.5/m<sup>3</sup> - in \$2009)

Courtesy: IDE Technologies

# Membrane Vessels

## ➤ Key Manufacturers:

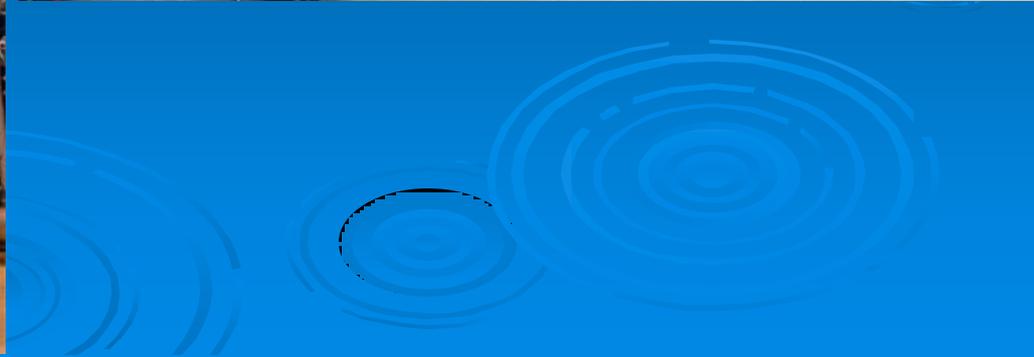
- Pentair (Codeline) – [www.codeline.com](http://www.codeline.com)
- BEL Composite America, Inc. – [www.belvessels.com](http://www.belvessels.com)
- Bekaert Progressive Composites, Corp. [www.bekaert.com](http://www.bekaert.com)



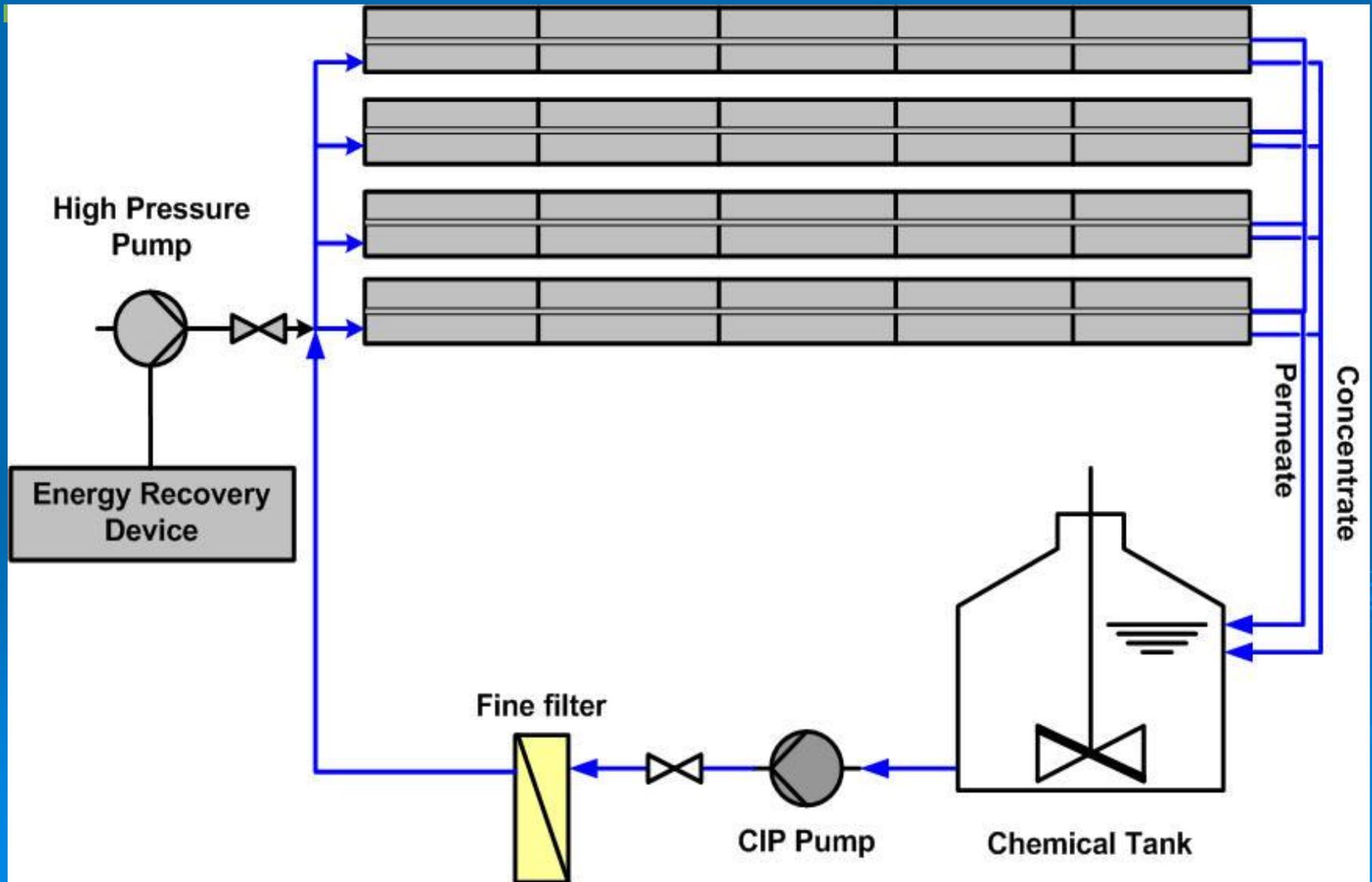
# Membrane Vessels – Multiple Ports



# Membrane Vessels – Flow Distribution System



# RO Membrane Cleaning System



# RO Membrane Trains – Alternatives

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- One High Pressure Pump Per One RO Train
  - One High Pressure Pump per Two RO Trains
  - One High Pressure Pump Serving 50 % of the Trains
- 
- The background of the slide features several concentric, light blue circular ripples that resemble water droplets or waves, positioned in the lower right quadrant.

# One HP Pump – One RO Train

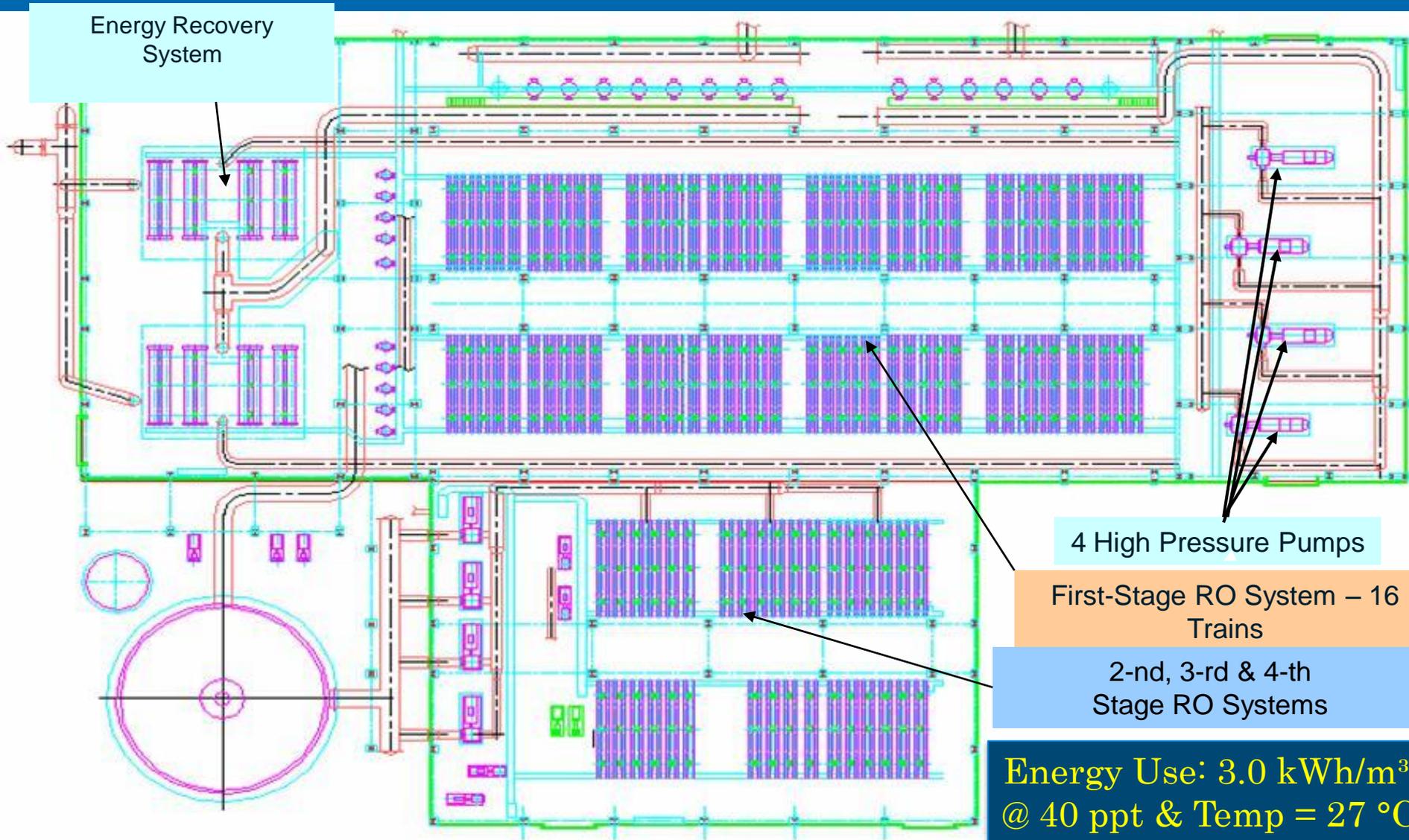


# One HP Pump – Two RO Trains (Carboneras, Spain)



# Three-Center RO System Configuration – 330 MLD Ashkelon SWRO Plant

Energy Recovery System



4 High Pressure Pumps

First-Stage RO System – 16  
Trains

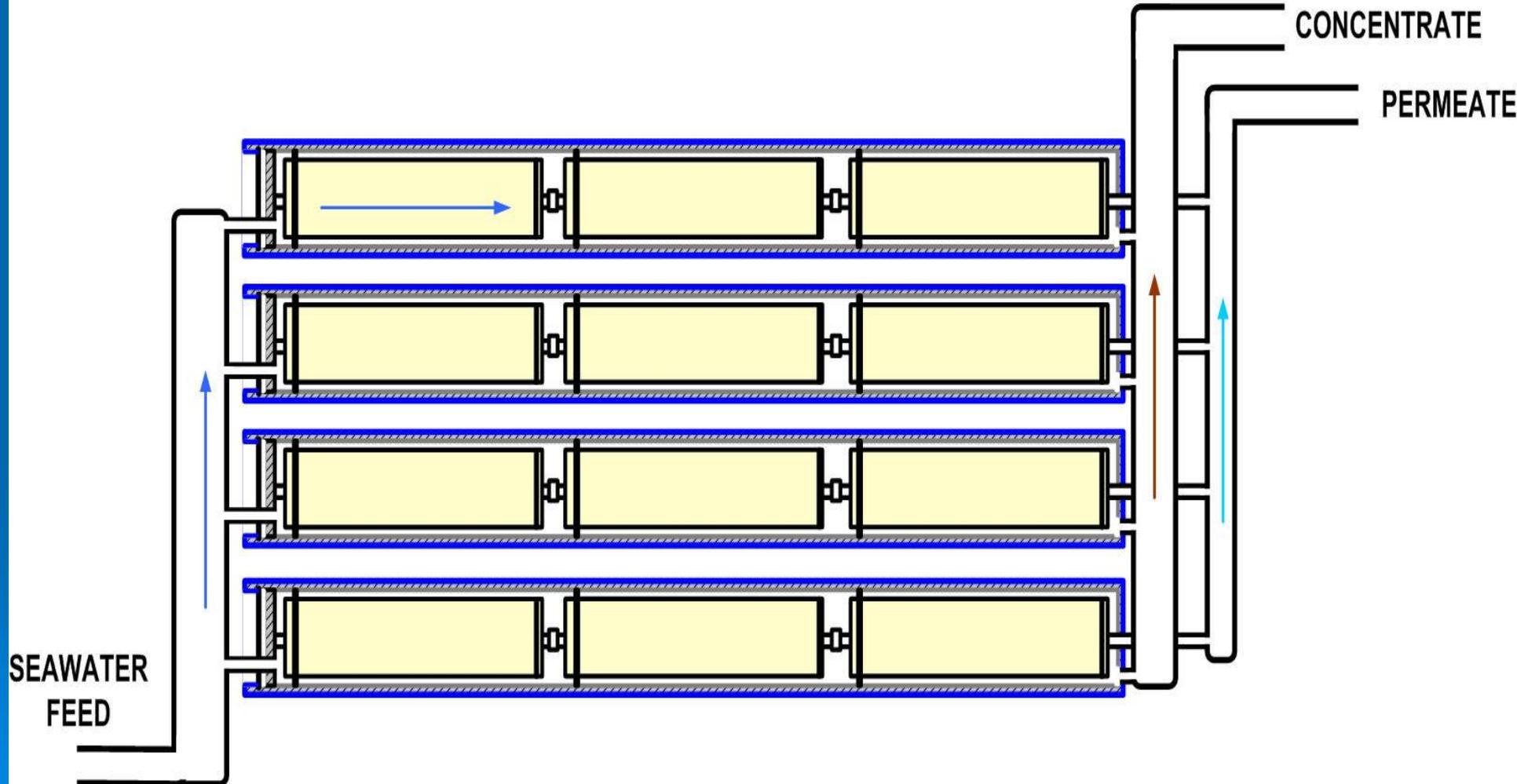
2-nd, 3-rd & 4-th  
Stage RO Systems

Energy Use: 3.0 kWh/m<sup>3</sup>  
@ 40 ppt & Temp = 27 °C  
& 48 % Recovery.

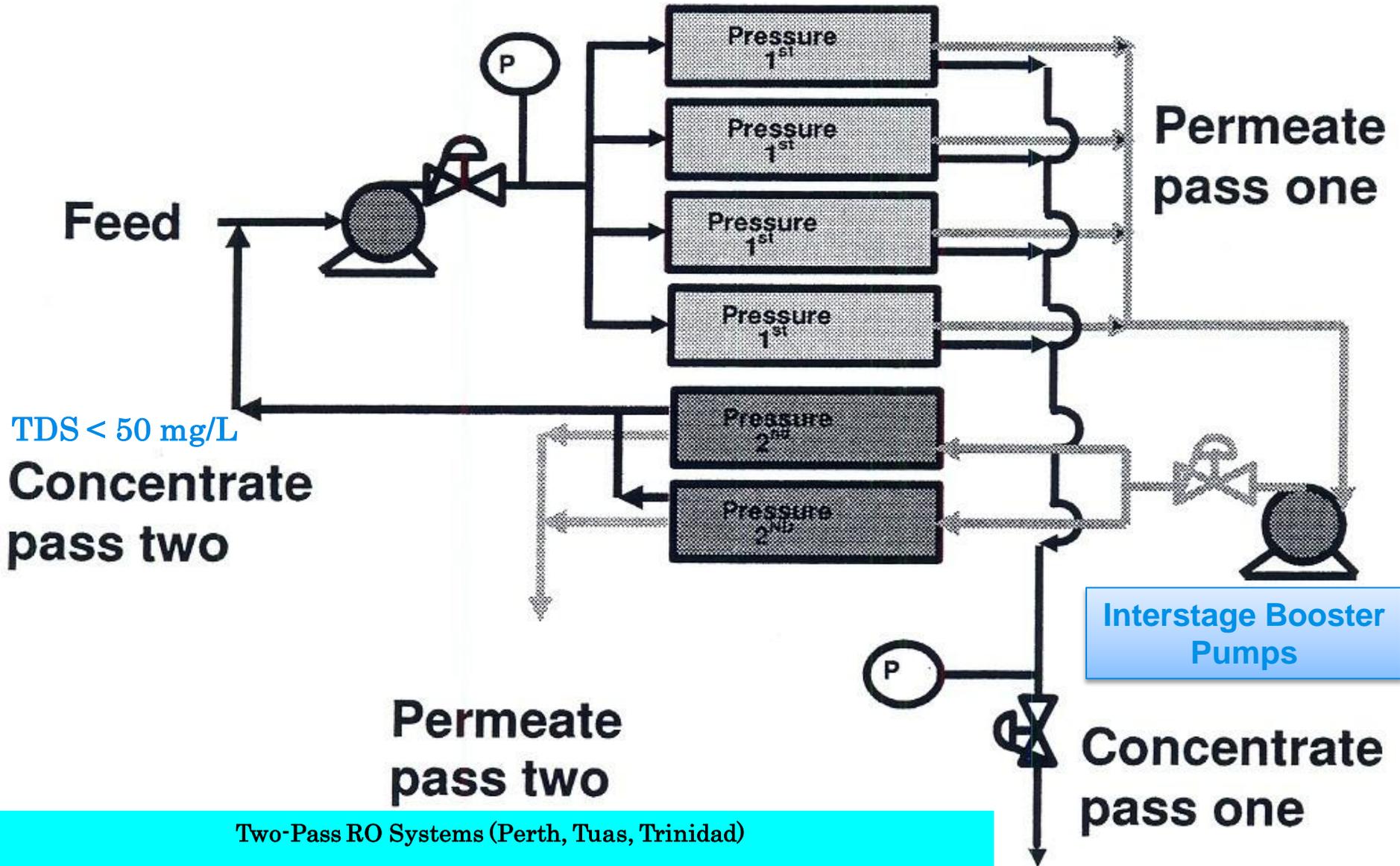
# Alternative RO System Configurations



# Single-Pass SWRO System

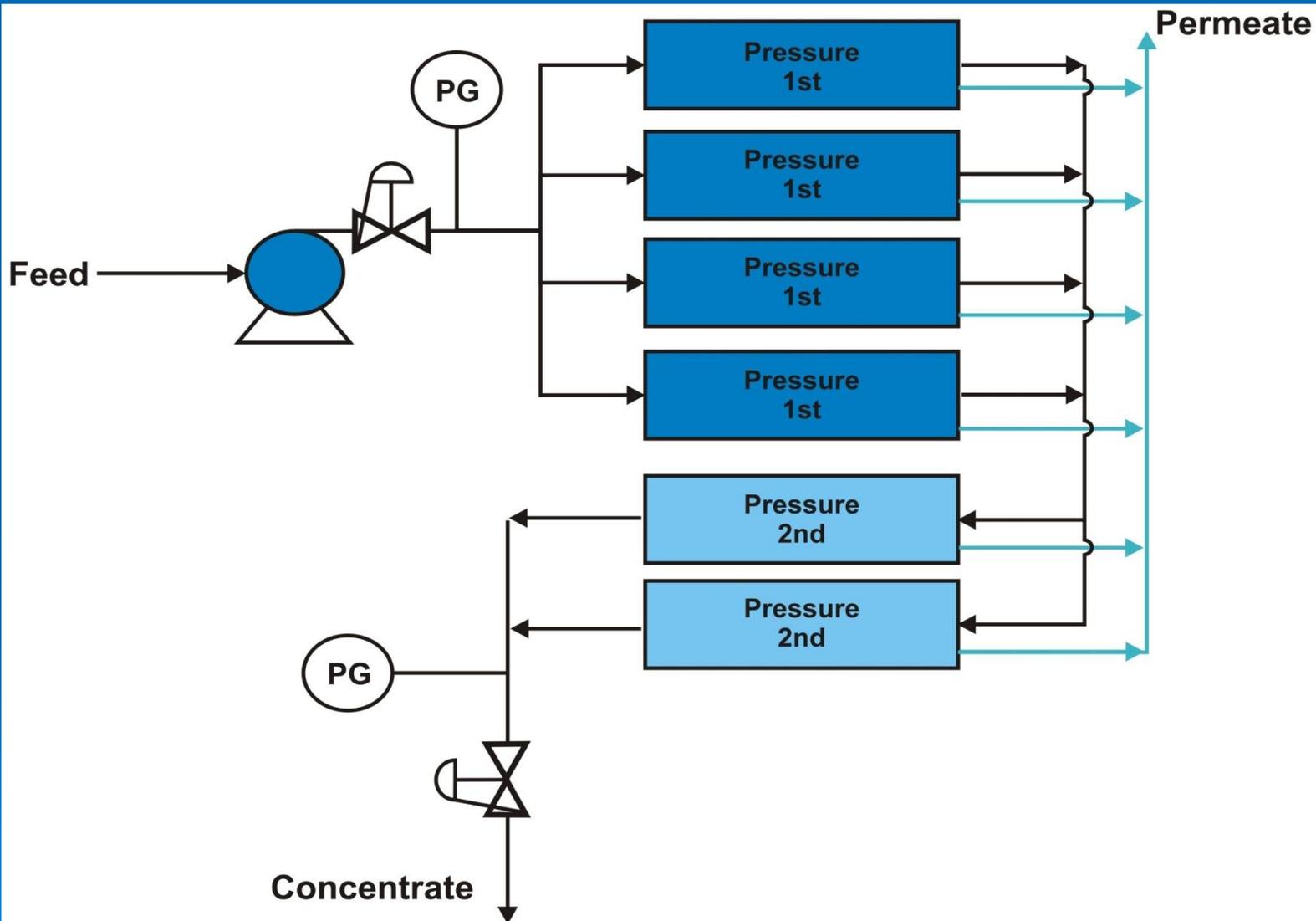


# Two-Pass RO Systems





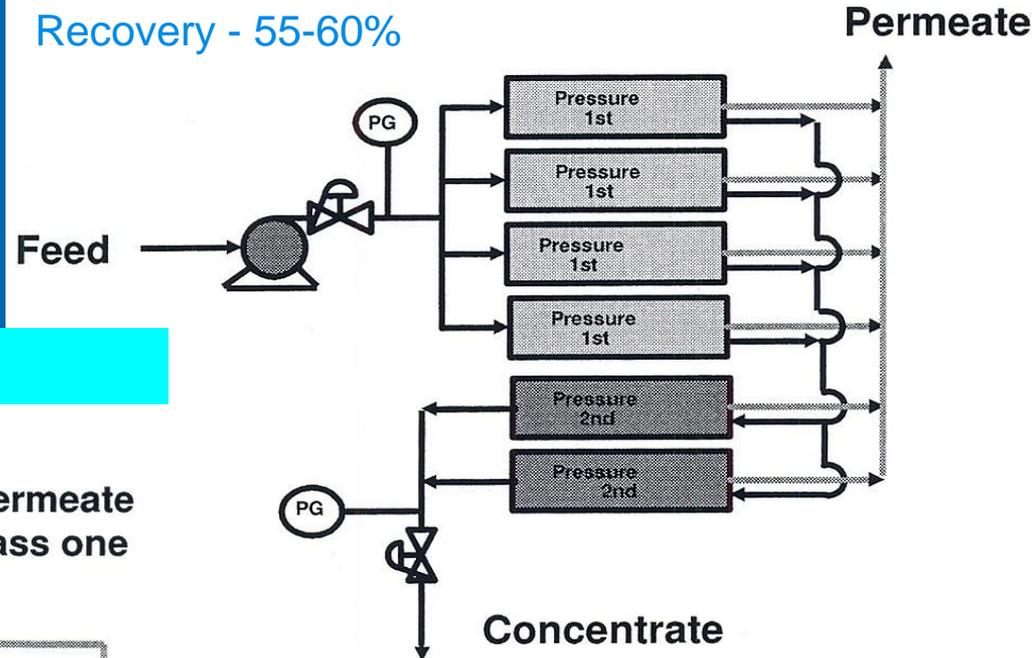
# Two-Stage RO Systems



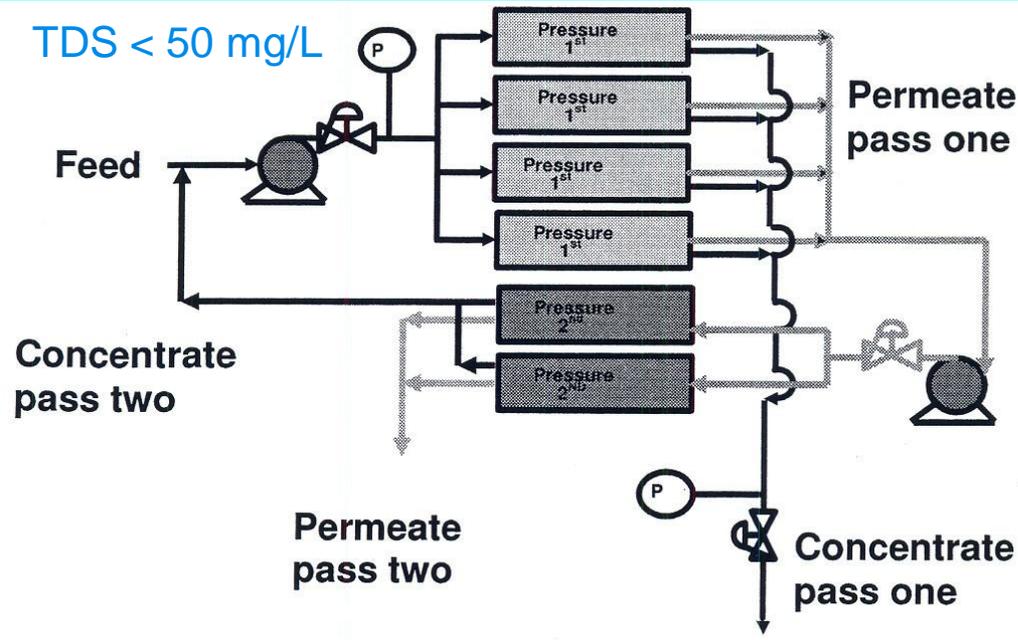
# Two-Pass vs. Two-Stage RO Systems

Two-Stage RO System (Mas Palomas)

Recovery - 55-60%



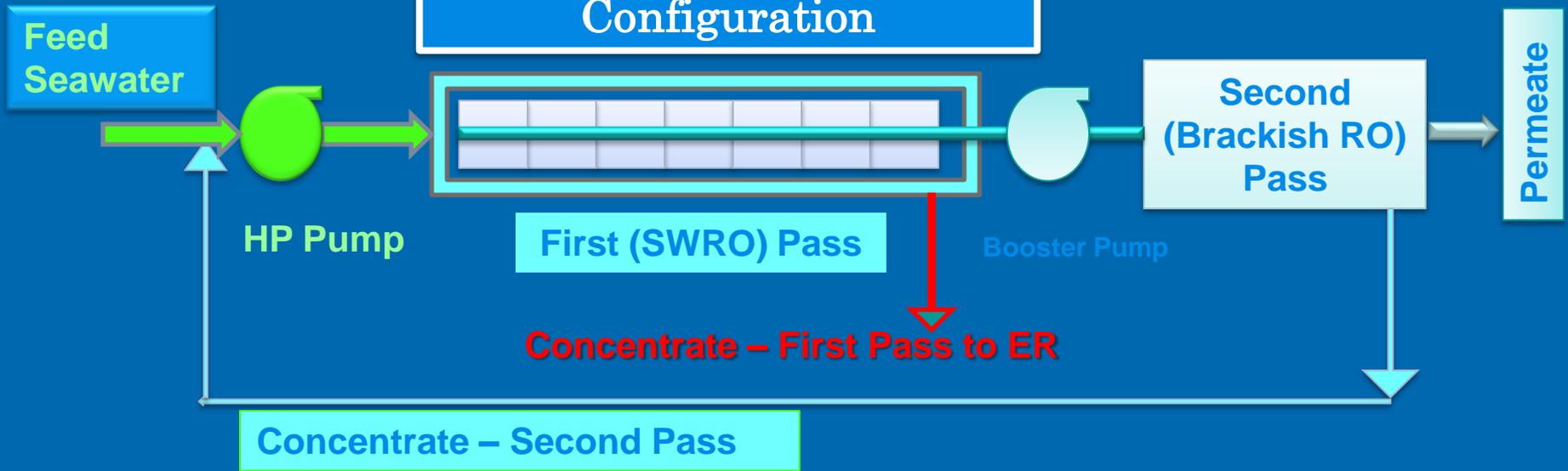
Two-Pass RO System (Trinidad)



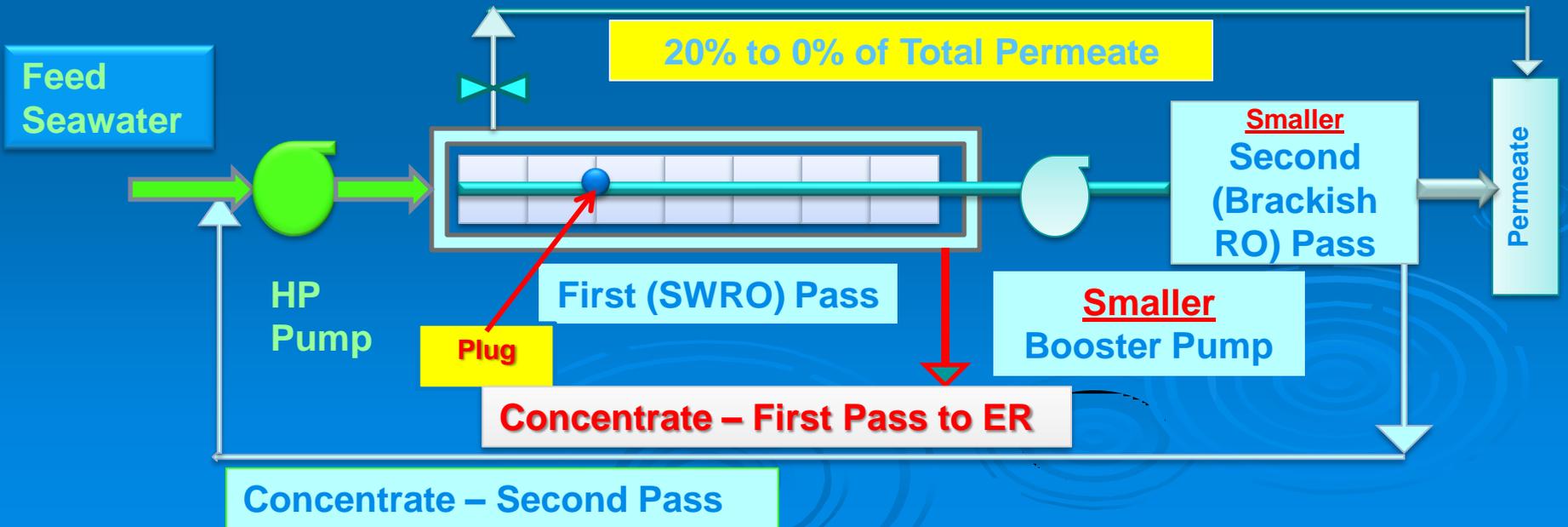
Adding Extra Pass –  
to Improve Water Quality

Adding Extra Stage –  
To Produce More Water

# Conventional RO System Configuration



# Split Partial Two-Pass RO System Configuration



# Product Water from Mediterranean Sea

Reverse Osmosis Permeate Water Quality  
Seawater Source – Mediterranean Sea

Water Quality Parameter	Mediterranean Source Seawater Quality	Permeate Water Quality	
		Single Pass SWRO System	Split Partial Two Pass RO System
Temperature, °C	16-28	17-29	18-30
pH	8.1	6.3-7.2	7.9-8.1
Ca <sup>2+</sup> , mg/L	480	1.0-2.0	0.35-0.45
Mg <sup>2+</sup> , mg/L	1,558	1.9-2.8	0.5-1.0
Na <sup>+</sup> , mg/L	12,200	98-196	15-34
K <sup>+</sup> , mg/L	480	3.0-5.5	0.8-1.8
CO <sub>3</sub> <sup>2-</sup> , mg/L	5.6	0.0	0.0
HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup> , mg/L	160	1.7-2.4	0.5-0.8
SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup> , mg/L	3,190	2.9-6.3	1.4-2.95
Cl <sup>-</sup> , mg/L	22,340	169-260	25-52
F <sup>-</sup> , mg/L	1.4	0.7-1.1	0.5-0.8
NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup> , mg/L	0.00	0.00	0.00
B <sup>-</sup> , mg/L	5.0	0.9-1.5	0.4-0.6
Br <sup>-</sup> , mg/L	80	0.9-1.3	0.35-0.6
TDS, mg/L	<b>40,500</b>	<b>280-480</b>	<b>45-95</b>

# Product Water from Arabian Gulf

Reverse Osmosis Permeate Water Quality  
Seawater Source – Arabian Gulf

Water Quality Parameter	Persian Gulf Source Seawater Quality	Permeate Water Quality	
		Single Pass SWRO System	Split Partial Two Pass RO System
Temperature, °C	18-35	19-36	20-37
pH	6.0 – 7.0	5.1-6.0	5.1-6.0
Ca <sup>2+</sup> , mg/L	570	1.4-2.6	0.6-0.8
Mg <sup>2+</sup> , mg/L	1,600	2.0-3.6	0.9-1.3
Na <sup>+</sup> , mg/L	14,100	142-228	25-45
K <sup>+</sup> , mg/L	530	4.3-6.8	1.5-2.2
CO <sub>3</sub> <sup>2-</sup> , mg/L	4.2	0.0	0.0
HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup> , mg/L	155	1.8-2.3	0.6-0.9
SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup> , mg/L	3,300	3.1-6.5	2.1-3.2
Cl <sup>-</sup> , mg/L	24,650	222-305	37.5-64
F <sup>-</sup> , mg/L	1.5	0.9-1.2	0.5-0.8
NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup> , mg/L	0.00	0.00	0.00
B <sup>-</sup> , mg/L	6.3	1.3-2.5	0.7-1.0
Br <sup>-</sup> , mg/L	83	1.2-1.5	0.60-0.80
TDS, mg/L	<b>45,000</b>	<b>380-520</b>	<b>70-120</b>

# Product Water from the Red Sea

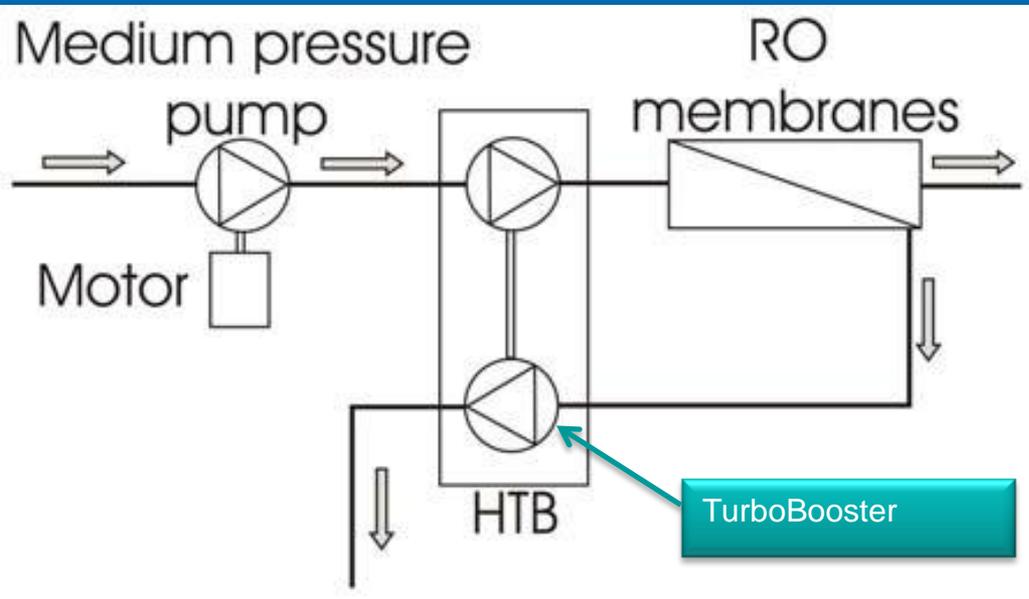
Reverse Osmosis Permeate Water Quality  
Seawater Source – Red Sea

Water Quality Parameter	Red Sea Source Seawater Quality	Permeate Water Quality	
		Single Pass SWRO System	Split Partial Two Pass RO System
Temperature, °C	22-33	23-34	24-35
pH	7.0-8.0	6.8-7.8	7.6-8.0
Ca <sup>2+</sup> , mg/L	500	1.1-2.1	0.5-0.7
Mg <sup>2+</sup> , mg/L	1,540	1.8-3.4	0.7-1.0
Na <sup>+</sup> , mg/L	13,300	142-220	20-38
K <sup>+</sup> , mg/L	489	3.2-6.5	1.2-1.8
CO <sub>3</sub> <sup>2-</sup> , mg/L	2.4	0.0	0.0
HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup> , mg/L	142.4	1.4-2.0	0.5-1.0
SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup> , mg/L	3,100	2.8-6.2	1.9-2.6
Cl <sup>-</sup> , mg/L	22,840	195-276	29-58
F <sup>-</sup> , mg/L	0.9	0.5-0.7	0.3-0.5
NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup> , mg/L	0.00	0.00	0.00
B <sup>-</sup> , mg/L	5.3	1.2-1.7	0.45-0.80
Br <sup>-</sup> , mg/L	80	1.0-1.4	0.45-0.60
TDS, mg/L	<b>42,000</b>	<b>350-520</b>	<b>55-105</b>

# Energy Recovery Systems



# Hydraulic Turbocharger



Courtesy: PER

- Turbocharger Popular for Small and Medium Size Plants (20 to 40 % pressure boost).
- Available for Low & High Pressures.
- Used for High-Recovery (Brine Conversion) Systems to Achieve 60 – 65 %.
- Low Maintenance & Brine Leakage Into Feed Stream.
- Lower Cost and Space Requirements than Other Energy Recovery Systems.

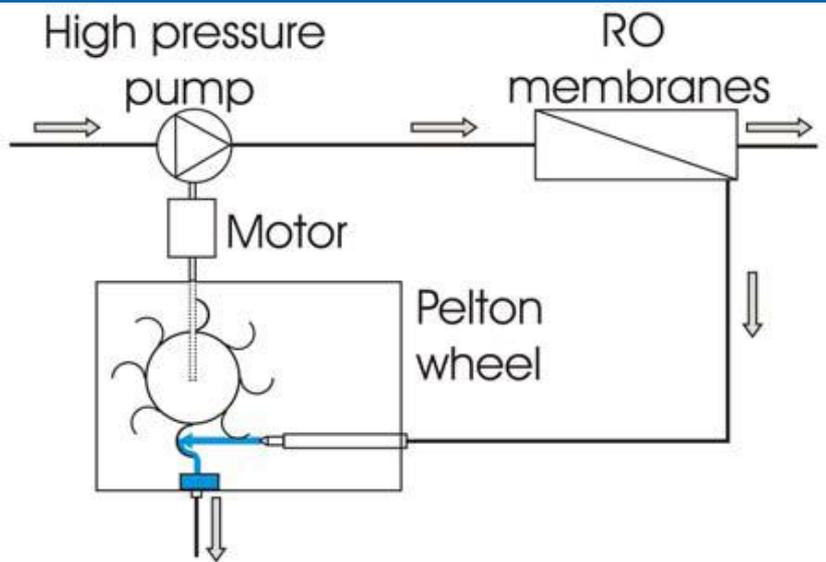
# Hydraulic Turbocharger – Large Installations (2.35 to 2.65 kWh/m<sup>3</sup>)

Pump Efficiency ~  
 $n \times (Q/H)^{0.5} \times (1/H)^{0.25}$



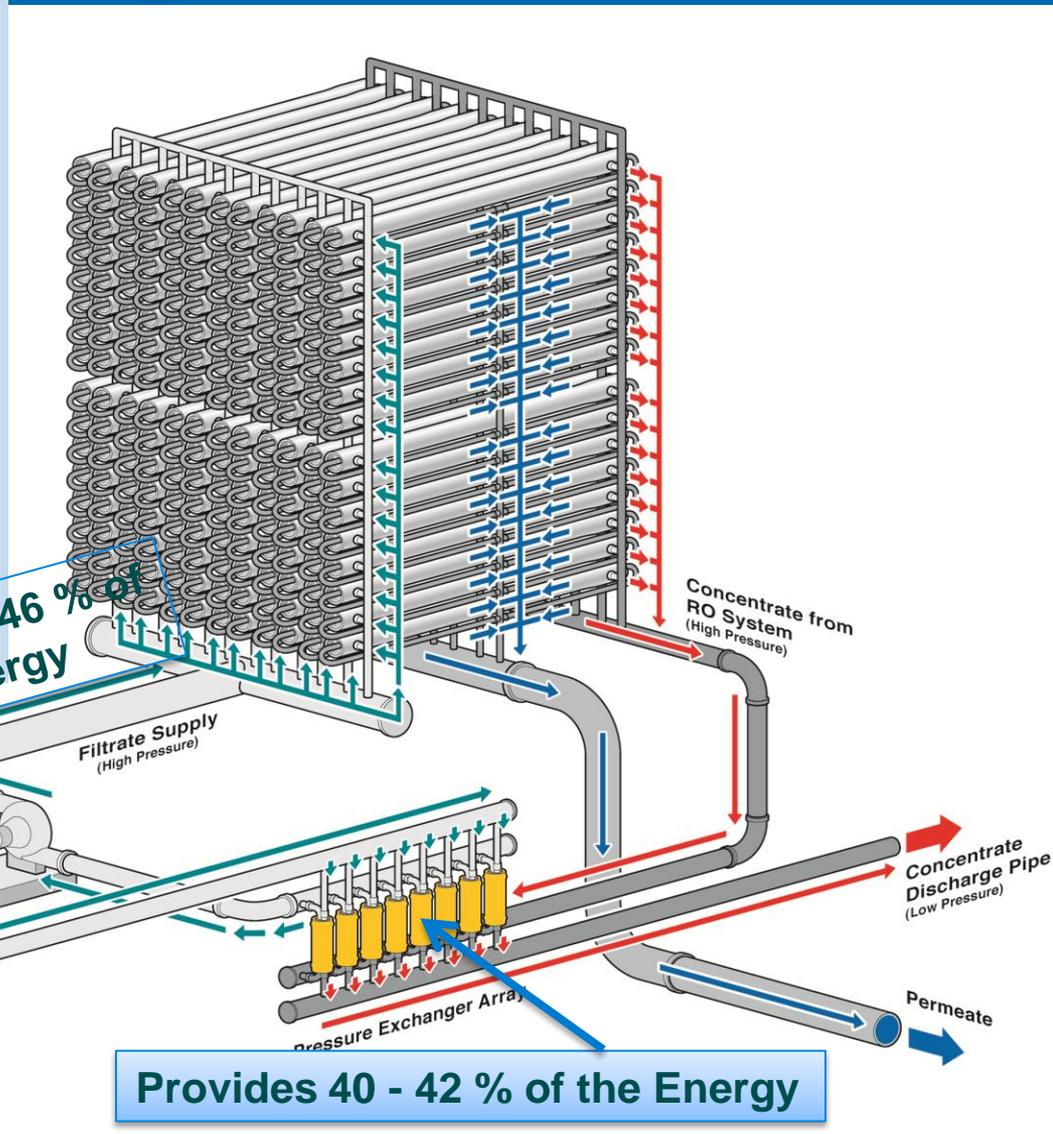
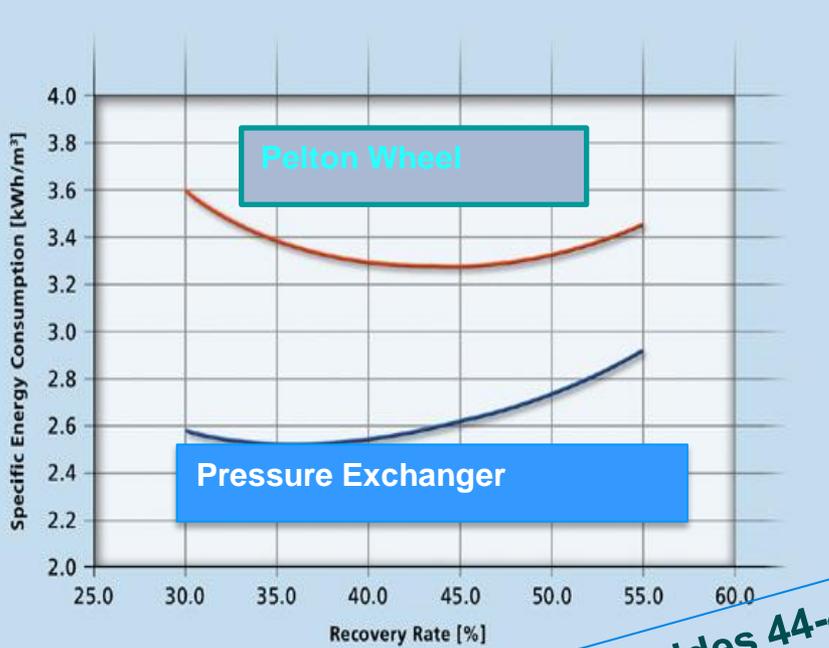
- **114 ML/d Plant in Jebel Ali, UAE**
  - 9 RO Trains;
  - 16 Single-stage HP RO Pumps;
  - Up to 525 psi (40 bars) of Boost;
  - HP RO Pumps Operating @ Full Flow @ 1/2 Pressure – 5-7 % Extra Efficiency.
- **35 ML/d Plant in Thailand (PT Chemicals) – 2.6 kWh/m<sup>3</sup>.**
- **145 ML/d NEWater Ulu Pandan Plant, Singapore**

# Pelton Wheels – Majority of Existing Plants

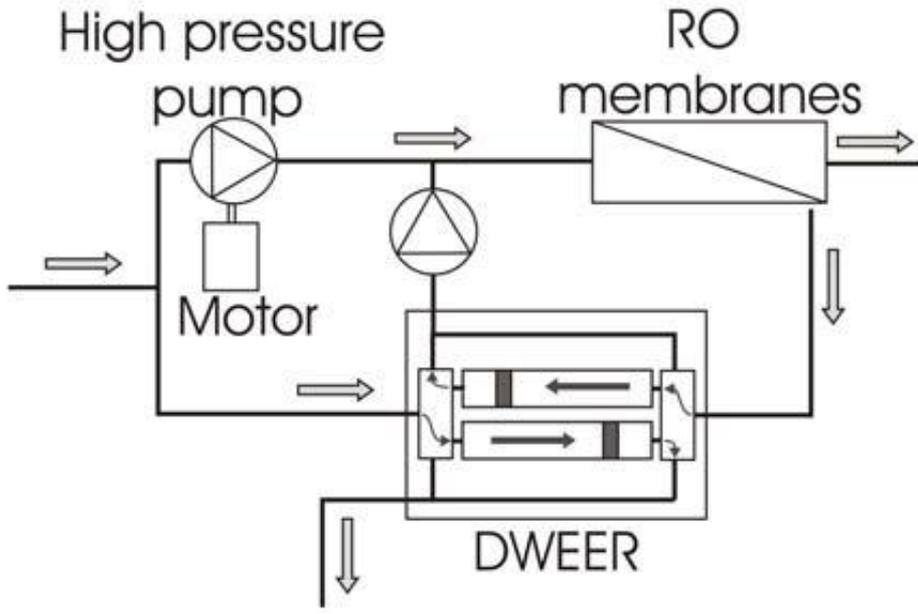


**Conversion  
Efficiency:  
80 to 90 %**

# Pressure Exchangers Allow the Use of Larger Pumps/RO Trains



# DWEER and ERI Pressure Exchangers

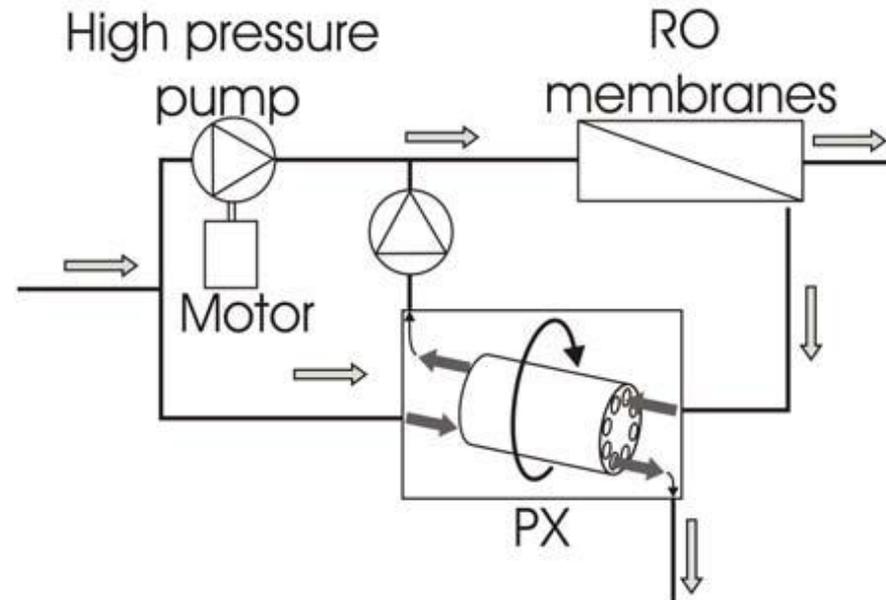


## DWEER Exchanger

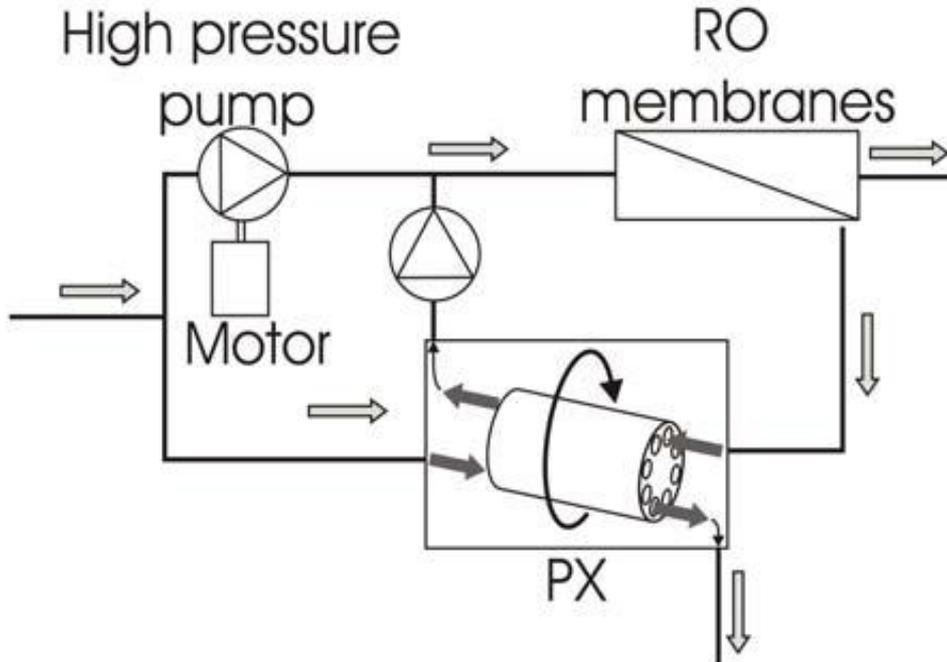
- Positive Displacement Pistons Instead of Rotor;
- LinX Valves Cause the Two Vessels to Exchange Functions before The Piston Completes Stroke.

## ERI PX Pressure Exchanger

- 96% Energy Conversion Eff.
- Smaller Footprint;
- One Moving Part – Shaftless Rotor;
- Rotor Hydrostatically Suspended in Ceramic Sleeve.



# ERI System – Current Status



- Largest In Operation - Hamma (Algeria) – 190 ML/d;
- Largest in Construction – Hadera (Israel) – 275 ML/d;
- Base Unit – PX 220; (1.4 ML/d) in ops since 2002;
- 10 to 16 Units per RO Train (9.5 – 15 ML/d RO Train).

## ➤ Challenges:

- Mixing – 5 to 7%;
- Efficiency Decreases w/ Increase in Plant Recovery.



# DWEER System – Current Status

- Used in Ashkelon (330 ML/d), and Singapore (130 ML/d);
- 5 ML/d SWRO Train – One DWEER System – Model 1100;
- Ashkelon – 2 x 40 DWEER 2200 Systems;
- RO w/ DWEER – 0.5 to 0.7 kWh/M3 Less Energy than Pelton Wheel @ (45 % Recovery).

Tuas, Singapore  
Triple DWEER 1100  
15 ML/d SWRO Trains

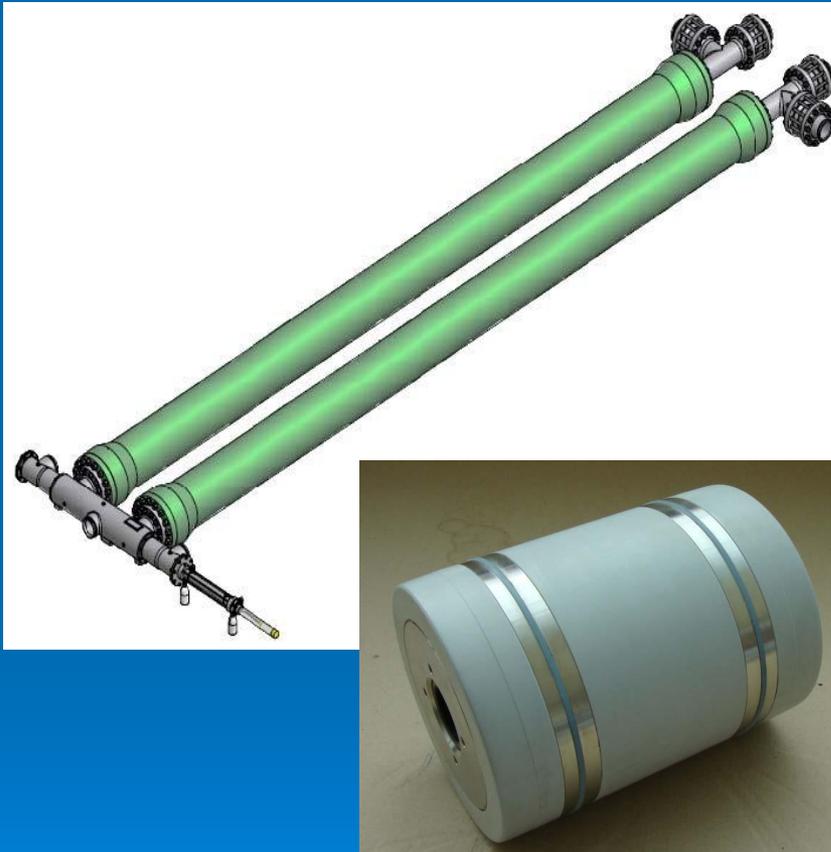


# DWEER – Recent Large Projects

- Gold Coast, Australia – 133 ML/d
- Sydney, Australia – 125/250 ML/d
- Aguilas, Spain – 180 ML/d



# Calder AG (Flowserve) – DWEER GA



- 25 % Higher Capacity Than DWEER 1100
- FRP Instead of Steel Vessels
- New LinX Valve With Two Seal Rings for Lowest Leakage
- Specific Power Consumption Losses Reduced by 26 %

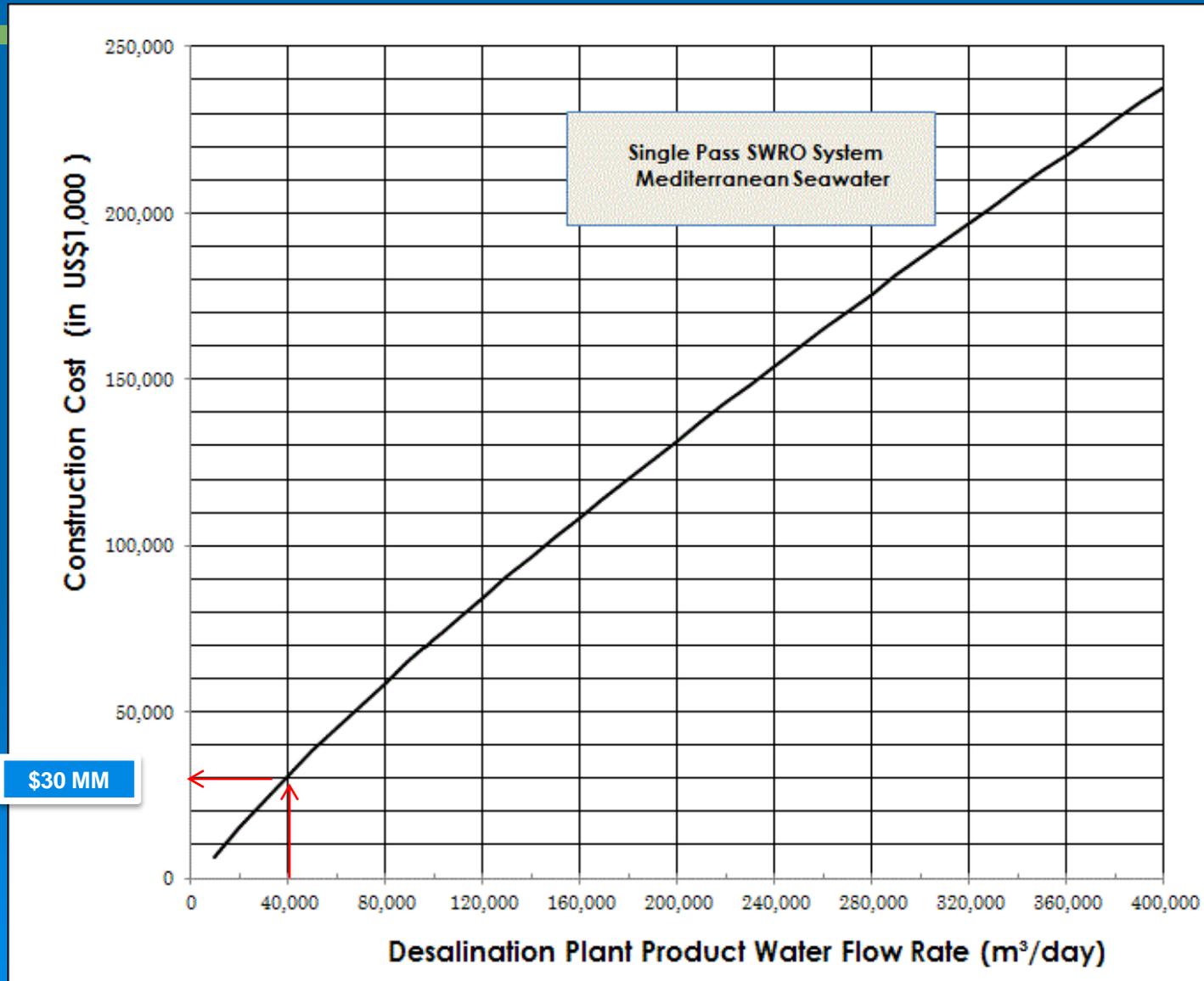
# SWRO System Construction Costs

- Dependent on Source Water Quality & Target Product Water Quality
- Usually Between US\$300 and 1,000/m<sup>3</sup>/day
- Single-stage/Single Pass SWRO System is Least Costly
- Additional Costs for Two-Pass/Two-Stage RO System May Vary Between 15 and 30 % of the These of Single Pass/Single Stage SWRO System

# Costs of Key RO System Components

Item	Construction Cost (US\$/item or as indicated)
8-inch Brackish RO Membrane Elements	US\$250 – US\$350/element
8-inch SWRO Membrane Elements	US\$400 – US\$600/element
16-inch SWRO Membrane Elements	US\$2,800 – US\$3,300/element
Brackish RO Pressure Vessels for 8-inch Elements	US\$1,000 – US\$1,300/vessel
SWRO Pressure Vessels for 8-inch Elements	US\$1,300 – US\$1,800/vessel
SWRO Pressure Vessels for 16-inch Elements	US\$3,600 – US\$5,000/vessel
RO Train Piping	US\$250,000 – US\$750,000/RO Train
RO Train Support Frame	US\$150,000 – US\$550,000/RO Train
RO Train Instrumentation and Controls	US\$30,000 – US\$150,000/RO Train
High Pressure Pumps	US\$150,000 – US\$2,400,000/RO Train

# RO System Construction Cost – Single Pass Mediterranean Water



# Source Water Quality – Cost Impacts

Seawater Source	Unit Construction Costs	Unit O&M Costs	Unit Water Costs
Mediterranean	1.0	1.0	1.0
Gulf of Oman	1.09	1.07	1.08
Red Sea	1.12	1.10	1.11
Arabian Gulf	1.16	1.14	1.15

# Effect of Product Water Quality on RO System Costs

Effect of Target Product Water Quality on Water Costs			
Target Product Water Quality	Construction Costs	O&M Costs	Cost of Water
TDS = 500 mg/L Chloride = 250 mg/L Boron = 1 mg/L Bromide = 0.8 mg/L	1.00	1.00	1.00
<b>Single Pass RO System</b>			
TDS = 250 mg/L Chloride = 100 mg/L Boron = 0.75 mg/L Bromide = 0.5 mg/L	1.15 – 1.25	1.05 – 1.10	1.10 – 1.18
<b>Partial Second Pass RO System</b>			
TDS = 100 mg/L Chloride = 50 mg/L Boron = 0.5 mg/L Bromide = 0.2 mg/L	1.27 – 1.38	1.18 – 1.25	1.23 – 1.32
<b>Full Two-Pass RO System</b>			
TDS = 30 mg/L Chloride = 10 mg/L Boron = 0.3 mg/L Bromide = 0.1 mg/L	1.40 – 1.55	1.32 – 1.45	1.36 – 1.50
<b>Full Two-Pass RO System + IX</b>			

# Example of SWRO Cost Estimates for 40 MLD Plant

- Construction Cost of Single-Pass 40 MLD SWRO System using Mediterranean Seawater = US\$30 MM (see RO Cost Graph)
- Construction Cost of Single-Pass 40 MLD SWRO System using Arabian Gulf Seawater = US\$30 MM x 1.16 = US\$34.8 MM
- Construction Cost of Two-pass 40 MLD SWRO System Using Arabian Gulf Seawater = US\$34.8 x 1.3 = US\$45.24 MM

# New Software for ERD Selection and Cost Estimating



**Evaluation and Optimization of  
Emerging and Existing Energy  
Recovery Devices for Desalination  
and Wastewater Membrane  
Treatment Plants**

WaterReuse Research Foundation

# Software Input



Project

Client

Location

Date

Name

Revision

SWRO PFD

Save Scenario




User Inputs

Calculations

User Help

Units:  English  Metric

### 1. FLOW INFORMATION Help

Permeate Flow  m3/d

Recovery  decimal

Feed Flow  m3/d

Flux  l/mh

Typical Flux  l/mh

Bypass Flow

### 4. MEMBRANE SELECTION Membrane Selection Help

Stage 1

Number of Vessels

Membrane

### 5. PRESSURE CONTROL Help

Throttling Valve Location:

After All Stages

Booster Pump Location:

None

### 2. WATER QUALITY Input Water Quality

### 7. PROJECTIONS SUMMARY calculate Help

Manual Entry  Calculate Projections View Water Quality

Stage 1

Feed Flow (L/s)	257.2
Feed Pressure (kPa)	6156.9
Feed TDS (mg/L)	42000.0
Permeate Flow (L/s)	115.7
Permeate Pressure (kPa)	1034.3
Stage Permeate TDS (mg/L)	195.0
Final Permeate TDS (mg/L)	195.0
Recovery (%)	45.0%
Flux (l/mh)	13.3
Concentrate Flow (L/s)	141.5
Concentrate Pressure (kPa)	6039.5
Concentrate TDS (mg/L)	80103.0

### 6. ERD SELECTION ERD Details Help

ERD Type:  None  Turbocharger Reset

Isobaric  Pelton Wheel

Manufacturer:  ERI  Flowserve

### 3. SYSTEM DESIGN Help

# Stage:  1  2  3    # Passes:  1  2

# SElements/Pressure Vessel:  #

System Inlet Pressure  kPa

RO Inlet Booster Pump?  Yes  No

RO Booster Pump Pressure  kPa

Final Permeate Pressure  kPa

Concentrate Pressure  kPa

### 8. FEED PUMP CURVE Feed Pump Curve Help

Flow (L/s)	115.74
Pressure (m)	613.20
Efficiency (decimal)	0.74
Power (kW)	1008.89

Efficiency (decimal)  Manual Input

# ERD Selection and Cost Estimate

## Isobaric Energy Recovery Device

[Help](#)
[Summary Sheet](#)

### Device Information

Select Device	<input type="radio"/> Dweer <input checked="" type="radio"/> PX
Model	PX-300
Manufacturer	Energy Recovery Inc.
Application	SWRO
Efficiency	96%
Max Working Pressure (kPa)	8274
Min Flow (L/s)	12.62
Max Flow (L/s)	18.93
Salinity Leakage (%)	2.81%
Min Concentrate Pressure (kPa)	83
Cost	\$ 35,000
User-Override Cost	

### System Information

# of Devices per Train	8	#
Train Feed Flow	257.20	L/s
Concentrate Flow	141.46	L/s
Isobaric Feed Flow per Device	17.54	L/s
LP Concentrate Pressure	83	kPa
HP Concentrate Pressure	6039.47	kPa
System Feed Pressure	152	kPa
Stage 1 Feed Pressure	6156.85	kPa
<b>Boosted Pressure</b>	<b>5798.37</b>	kPa
Circulation Pump Needed?	Yes	Y/N
Circulation Pump Pressure	358	kPa
Interstage Booster Pump Needed?	No	Y/N



Questions and Discussions